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Performance-Based Engineering Options for Audible and Visual Occupant Notification

by Robert P. Schifiliti, P.E., FSFPE

Occupant notification is not just about being able to hear or see a signal. It's all about trying to change the behavior of the target audience in the most efficient and effective way possible. It's also about trying to balance costs versus mission. Prescriptive code-based methods work for most situations, but not for challenging environments.

This presentation shows how engineered solutions can meet goals and reduce system costs. How can a system for tone and voice be optimized for high noise environments? How can you provide visual alerting and visual information in large, congested spaces such as big box stores? It's really quite easy and cost effective. But, it requires you to actually do some analysis and engineering – more than just applying simple prescriptive code requirements and industry rules-of-thumb.

Attendees will learn performance-based options that optimize tone signals for a given audible noise spectrum. You will also learn how to designate Acoustically Distinguishable Spaces to develop a strategy that can be approved by an AHJ and that will meet the system mission goals. This presentation will introduce you to options for designing visible alerting for big box stores, including those with fixed racks and those that periodically change rack or shelf layouts.

Bio:

Mr. Schifiliti is a licensed Fire Protection Engineer and holds a Master of Science degree in Fire Protection Engineering from Worcester Polytechnic Institute (WPI). He has over thirty-eight years' experience in fire protection and prevention work. For much of that time he has developed expertise and focused his engineering practice on the design, analysis and forensic investigation of fire detection, alarm and signaling systems. Mr. Schifiliti is the immediate past chair (2006 – 2016) of the NFPA Signaling Systems for the Protection of Life and Property Correlating Committee, which is responsible for the development of NFPA 72, National Fire Alarm and Signaling Code and NFPA 720, Standard for the Installation of Carbon Monoxide (CO) Detection and Warning Equipment. He is a member of the Notification Appliances technical committee for NFPA 72, which he chaired from 1993 to 2003 and is a member of the Commissioning and Integrated Testing technical committee (NFPA 3 and NFPA 4). Mr. Schifiliti is the author of the "Notification Appliances," chapter in the NFPA Fire Protection Handbook and the principal author of the "Design of Detection Systems" chapter in the SFPE Handbook of Fire Protection Engineering. In addition, under a grant from the NFPA Fire Protection Research Association, he studied visible signaling in big box stores.

Presented to the 14th Annual Fire Safety Conference of the Greater Atlanta SFPE

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Agenda

- Introduction
- Goals
- Conventional Audible Signaling
- Audible Signaling in Challenging Environments
- · Conventional Visual Signaling
- Visual Signaling in Challenging Environments

Housekeeping

- Format
- Questions
- Cell phones and pagers
- Background / Introduction







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Risk Analysis				
Emergency Plans				
Emergency Preparedness Plan		Emergency Response Plan		
Communications Needs		Communications Needs		
Target Audience	Channels	Target Audience	Channels	
10 – 100 Targets	2 – 10 Channels	5 – 20 Targets	5 – 10 Channels	

Occupant and Staff Signaling Goals Alerting, Notification, Information & Instructions

- Goal: Effect Peoples' Behavior
- Occupants
 - Evacuate
 - Relocate
 - Do as we say
- Staff
 - Provide information to trigger established
 Emergency Operation Plans

Conventional Audible Signaling

- Make noise
 - 15 dB above average noise during OCCUPIED period (10 dB for private mode)
 - 5 dB above peak noise that lasts at least 60 seconds
- Public mode versus private mode
- Any sound, any frequency



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Operating Modes



- Public operating mode
- Private operating mode



Private Mode Signaling The Real World



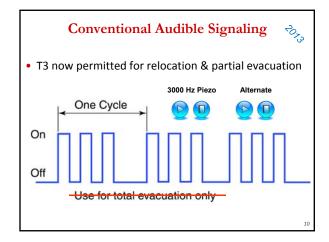
Private Mode Signaling The Real World

- Minimize alert tones
- Eliminate audible signaling in some areas
- Use voice
- Combine systems
- Target staff
- Use textual appliances message boards, text, pop-ups, etc.

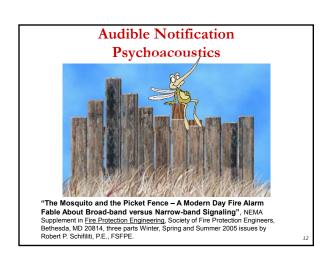
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Signaling in Challenging Environments Narrow Band Signaling

- Where possible, stop noise sources automatically
- Measure ambient noise spectrum throughout
- Analyze/merge data to create worst-case frequency profile
- Design signal frequency content
- Document required loudness
- Engineer the system



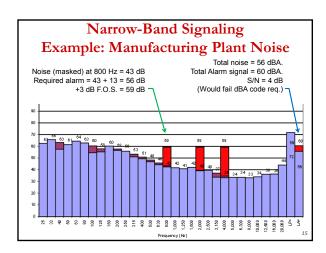
Audible Notification Narrow Band Signaling

+10 dB over masked threshold in at least one octave band

or

 +13 dB over masked threshold in at least one one-third octave band

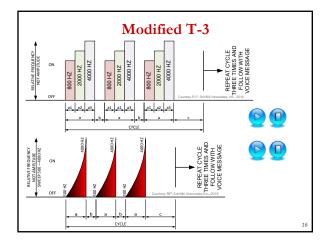
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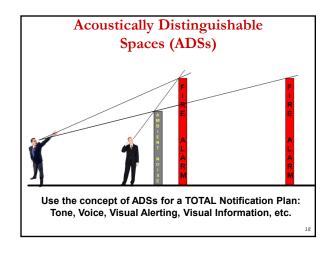
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Signaling in Challenging Environments Voice Intelligibility Required by Ch. 24, ECS Not required in all areas Designer must designate Acoustically Distinguishable Spaces (ADSs) ADS WIII Have Occupant Notification By Tone Alert & Voice Intelligible Voice NOT Required in this ADS Intelligible Voice Notification By Tone Alert & Voice Intelligible Voice Notification Notification Notification By Tone Alert & Voice Intelligible Voice Notification Notificat





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Audible Notification Voice Intelligibility Sample ADS plan for a nightclub.

Factors in the Communications Path That Affect Speech Intelligibility

- Speech source
- Microphone properties
- Booth noise
- Electrical noise
- Loudspeaker properties
- Room acoustics
- Noise in the room
- Corrected Components



Simulation courtesy of Arup Acoustics, NY, NY



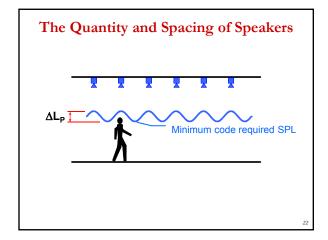


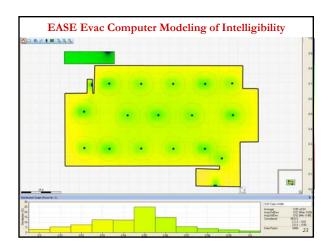
The Quantity and Spacing of Speakers
Minimum code required SPL

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Conventional Visual Signaling

- Indirect signaling with flashing lights
 - Used in rooms and spaces
- Direct signaling with flashing lights
 - Used in corridors

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Visual Signaling in Challenging Environments Lighting Services

The Strobe Project
Visual Signaling as a Means for
Occupant Notification in Large Spaces

An Engineering Study Sponsored by the Fire Protection Research Foundation

Complete report available at: www.rpsa-fire.com/strobeproject

and from the Fire Protection Research Foundation http://www.nfpa.org



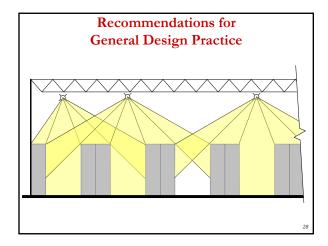
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Three Test Locations: Results Indirect Strobe Effects Prescriptive or Performance-based strobe spacing. Coverage depends on spacing, rack/shelf gizes and relative heights of strobes and stock.



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Three Test Locations: Results Direct Signaling Effects			
Prespecial Vision	_		
Assa, broad vising angle =15 degrees			
	29		

Recommendations for General Design Practice

- Place a row of strobes over main aisles
- Use ceiling / horizontally located strobes
- End aisles always require strobes
- For other aisles consider
 - Aisle width
 - Stock height
 - Strobe height





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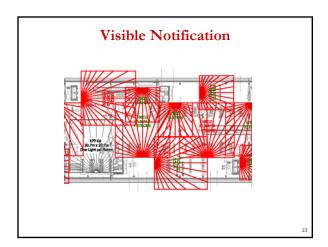
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Recommendations for General Design Practice

- Document max. spacing and stock configuration to allow changing aisles without moving strobes.
- · Strobe intensity...
 - Corridor rules for direct viewing $\underline{\textit{might}}$ work
 - Anecdotal evidence, but testing is limited
 - Use existing room tables or performance calculations
 - Consider using all high intensity strobes

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Visual Performance Calculations Stock of the performance



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Conclusions

- Prescriptive code requirements work most of the time.
- Challenging situations require new ideas
 - A sudden, dramatic change in the environment
 - Information and instructions delivered with clarity, simplicity and authority
 - You must have several layers of communications channels (modalities)



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Conclusions

- Designers and authorities must think more about results and be less concerned with methods.
- The designer must document goals, plan strategies, anticipate & address concerns and communicate the plan to owners and AHJs.



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